

zakładany efekt kształcenia	Wykład problemowy	Metoda projektów (projekt badawczy, wdrożeniowy, praktyczny)
		Wiedza
K_W02	X	
K_W05	X	
		Umiejętności
K_U02		X
K_U04		X
K_U07		X
		Kompetencje
_K		
_K		

Określenie przedmiotów wprowadzających wraz z wymogami wstępnymi

A. Wymagania formalne

none

B. Wymagania wstępne

none

Cele kształcenia

The aim of this course is to provide a student a comprehensive overview of programming methodology that can be useful in further independent research in quantum information

Treści programowe

Review and systematics of programming languages. Imperative and declarative programming. History and labor market. Programming environments. Program structure in C ++, Python, Matlab.
 Basic constructions. Variables, loops, conditional statements, functions, I / O operations, operators.
 Object-oriented programming. Classes. Basic data structures. Array, list, heap, map, graph.
 Code organization. Comments, headers, libraries, naming conventions. Programming Pragmatics. Programming styles. Version control systems. Doxygen.
 Recursion. Dynamic programming. Basic algorithms. Searching, sorting, graph searching.
 STL library in C ++. Design patterns. Processes and threads. Multi-threaded programming. Data Representations. XML. Sparse matrices. COO and CRS formats.
 Functional programming.
 Numerical Methods. Newton-Raphson method, Simpson method, Runge-Kutta method, matrix decompositions.
 Numpy and scipy packages in Python. Matlab QETLAB package.
 Linear and semi-definite programming. Solvers.
 Computational models. Turing machine. Church's thesis. Computational and memory complexity of algorithms. Complexity classes P, NP, NPC, PSPACE. Compilation process and parameters. Debugging and profiling. Unit tests.
 Code optimization techniques. Language interoperability. MEX files in Matlab. Extension modules in Python.
 CISC and RISC architectures. Flynn taxonomy. MMX, SSE, AVX instruction sets. Programming on graphic cards. CUDA, PyTorch.
 Virtual machines and emulators. Bytecode in Python. Assembler and low-level code optimization.
 BPP, BQP, QMA complexity classes. Quantum programming languages

Wykaz literatury

Python3 Documentation, <https://docs.python.org/3/index.html>
 GNU Octave Free Your Numbers – reference manual, <https://octave.org/octave.pdf>
 C++ Reference, <http://www.cplusplus.com/reference/>
 Matlab Reference Manual, <https://www.mathworks.com/help/matlab/>
 W. Malina, P. Mironowicz, "Programowanie strukturalne. Trendy programowania", PWN 2018 (in Polish).
 P. Wróblewski, "Algorytmy, struktury danych i techniki programowania", Helion 2015 (in Polish).
 Material provided by the lecturer.

Kierunkowe efekty uczenia się

K_W02
 Student has in-depth knowledge of advanced mathematics, mathematical and computer methods necessary to solve

Wiedza

W01: The student knows the components of programming languages C++, Python and Matlab, (K_W02, K_W05)
 W02: The student knows basic algorithms and packages (K_W02, K_W05)

<p>physical problems of medium complexity and advanced in the area of quantum information and its technological aspects</p> <p>K_W05 The student knows the theoretical basis of computational methods and information techniques used to model and simulate physical systems considered in the theory of quantum information</p> <p>K_U02 The student can apply mathematical knowledge as well as mathematical and computer tools to formulate and solve problems within the framework of quantum information theory</p> <p>K_U04 The student can find the necessary information in professional literature, both in databases and other sources; can recreate the reasoning or the course of an experiment described in the literature, taking into account the assumptions and approximations made</p> <p>K_U07 The student can present the results of research (experimental, theoretical or numerical) in writing, orally, as a multimedia presentation or as a poster</p>	<p>W03: The student knows good programming practices and basics of computer architecture (K_W02, K_W05)</p> <p>Umiejętności</p> <p>U01: The student is able to write stand-alone code in C++, Python and Matlab designed to solve various types of scientific and numerical problems (K_U02). U02: The student has skills necessary to properly design it, choose relevant tools and methods, validate the correctness of the code, find and overcome performance bottlenecks. (K_U02) U03: The student should learn to efficiently get to know new techniques individual from relevant reference manuals. (K_U02) U04: The student should learn how to find and ask about new sources of knowledge, cooperate on designing and writing a computer code, and present data in a way readable to other people (K_U04, K_U07)</p> <p>Kompetencje społeczne (postawy)</p>
<p>Kontakt</p> <p>piotr.mironowicz@ug.edu.pl</p>	